Voting with coercion resistance and everlasting privacy using linkable ring signatures

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Ideal Properties of an Electronic Voting Scheme

- Verifiability
- Privacy
- Receipt freeness
- Coercion resistance

Overview

We propose a voting scheme that:

- provides coercion resistance ([JCJ05] framework)
- is based on linkable ring signatures
- provides verifiability, ballot secrecy and everlasting privacy

[[]JCJ05] Juels, Catalano, Jakobsson. Coercion-resistant electronic elections

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Linkable Ring Signatures



- Ring Signatures [RST01]
- Linkable Ring Signatures [LWW04]

[LWW04] Liu, Wei, Wong. Linkable Spontaneous Anonymous Group Signature for Ad Hoc Groups

[[]RST01] Rivest, Shamir, Tauman. How to Leak a Secret

Can we use linkable ring signatures in voting?

Properties achieved

- Verifiability
- Privacy
- Avoid double voting

Properties not achieved

- Receipt freeness
- Coercion resistance

Our LRS construction



- Signature scheme based on [LWW04], where the public credentials are encrypted values.
- Our signature is a proof of knowledge of the secret credential and of the encryption randomness.

LRS Signature

Properties

- **Unforgeability**: Noone besides the ring members is able to produce valid signatures.
- Unconditional Anonymity: Given a valid signature, noone can distinguish which ring member was the signer.
- Linkability: Two signatures from the same signer are linked.
- Non-slanderability: no one can create a valid signature that is linked with a given signature.

LRS Signature

Properties

- Unforgeability Ensures verifiability
- Unconditional Anonymity Achieves everlasting privacy
- Linkability Avoids double voting
- Non-slanderability Ensures that only the voter can update their vote.

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3 Our Voting Scheme

Overview



- Participating entities
 - System supervisor

Runs the Election Setupand publishes the public parameters required for the voting procedure to take place.

- Registration Authority (RA)
- Tallying Authority (TA)
- Voters (V)
- Bulletin Board (BB)

Authenticated append- only ledger that contains all public election data.

Voter Registration



Figure 2: Registration Phase

After the registration phase



Figure 3: After the Registration phase the BB contains the list of eligible voters and a list L with their corresponding public credentials.





Figure 4: Voting Phase

Mixing



Figure 5: Mixing Phase

Our Voting Scheme

Tally



Figure 6: Tally

Individual & Universal **Verifiability**: Are achieved by the NIZK proofs provided by the voters, the registration and tallying authorities.

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Coercion Resistance: The coercer doesn't know if their attack succeeded. It is indistinguishable whether the credential given was real or fake.

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Everlasting Privacy: is achieved by the unconditional anonymity property of our LRS.



